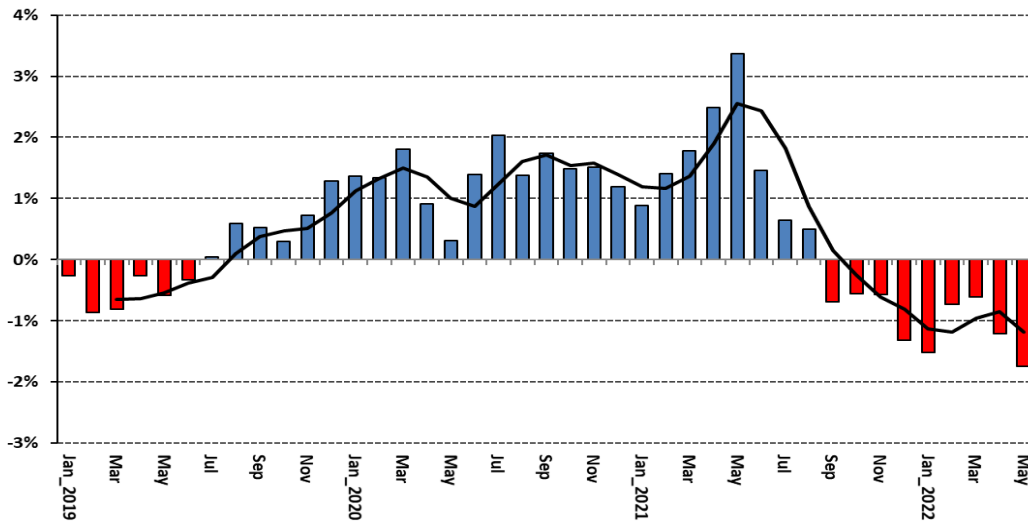




Dairy: World Markets and Trade

Dairy Production and Trade Developments

Percent Change in Monthly Milk Production for Major Producers And 3-month Moving Average



Note: --Includes, Argentina, Australia, EU, New Zealand, U.S.
--Adjusted for Leap Year 2020

Since the end of 2021, global milk supplies have tightened, propelling prices for manufactured dairy commodities higher. Among the major dairy exporting countries through May, only Argentina has seen milk output grow year-over-year (+1 percent) while Australia (-6 percent), the European Union (-1 percent), New Zealand (-6 percent), and United States (-1 percent) have all seen supplies come under pressure. Going forward, global supplies will likely remain tight as hot, dry conditions in the European Union (E.U.) increase cow discomfort and weigh on output per cow. Furthermore, diminishing producer profitability in Argentina will likely cause production growth to moderate. Tightening supplies in the E.U. and Argentina are expected to more than offset improving production in New Zealand, where pasture conditions have improved considerably since the start of 2022 and the short-term climactic outlook is positive. Similarly in Australia, favorable conditions and strong prices are expected improve production from the current year to date; however, producer caution is expected to keep expansion at a minimum in the short term and keep annual milk production totals lower than 2021. Meanwhile, relatively stable cow inventories and slowly recovering growth in milk per cow are expected to cause U.S. milk production to turn positive in the second half of the year, mostly offsetting earlier weakness.

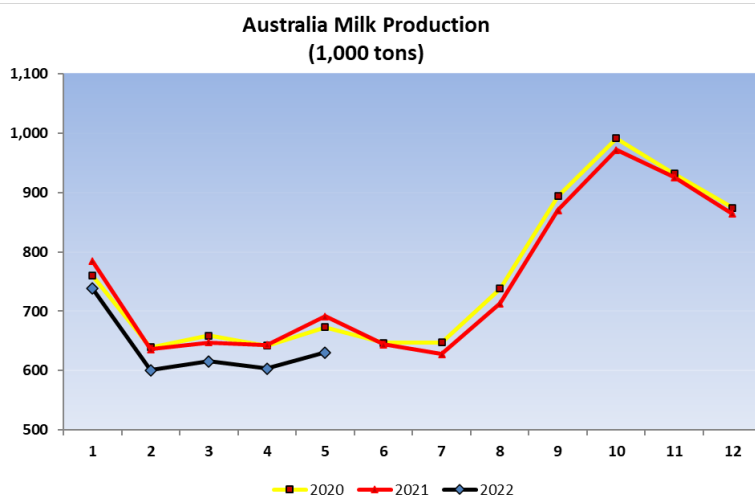
Fluid Milk:

Milk Production Summary for Major Exporters (Million Tons)

	2020	2021	2022 Forecast	2021-2022 Change
Argentina	11.4	11.9	12.0	1%
Australia	9.1	9.0	8.7	-3%
EU-27	145.4	145.0	142.3	-2%
New Zealand	22.0	22.0	21.9	-1%
United States	101.3	102.6	102.5	0%
Major Exporter Total	289.2	290.5	287.4	-1%

Note: Data is rounded.

- In **Australia**, milk production in 2022 has been revised down 4 percent from the prior forecast to 8.73 million tons and is now expected to contract 3 percent year-over-year. Expectations for 2022 milk production are being negatively impacted as dairy farmers



continue to exit the business. Higher property prices are reportedly spurring some dairy farmers to exit the business altogether while others are enticed into raising beef cattle by high prices in that sector and lower labor intensity. These exits have driven milk cow numbers lower; the difficulty of finding

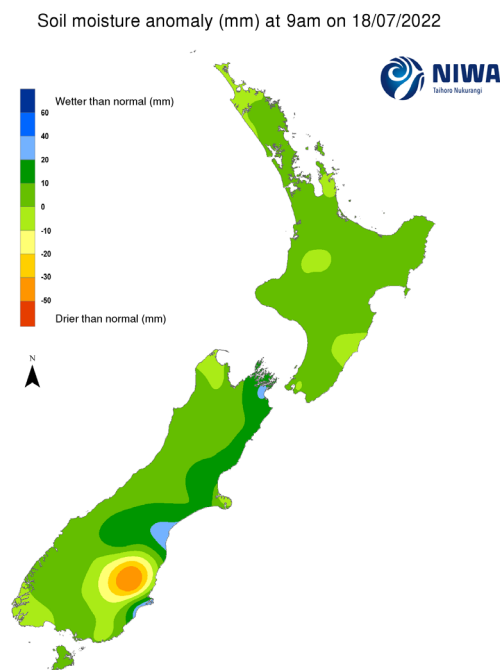
labor has been weighing on milk yields. These factors more than offset strong milk prices and good feed and water availability. The National Dairy Farmer Survey conducted by Dairy Australia indicates that producers are more inclined to invest recent profits in on-farm improvements instead of expansion, at least in the short term.¹

- The milk production forecast for 2022 in the **European Union** has been revised down 3 percent from the prior forecast and production is now expected to contract 2 percent year-over-year. This will mark the second consecutive year of lower milk production as cow numbers continue to decline. Increased environmental and animal welfare

¹ <https://www.dairyaustralia.com.au/industry-statistics/industry-reports/situation-and-outlook-report#.YrsaV3bMKzU>

regulations set to take effect over the next several years have tempered producer enthusiasm for expansion. Additionally, rising input costs have squeezed producer margins despite strong raw milk prices and current hot, dry conditions are expected to negatively impact forage quality and weigh on milk yields.

- **New Zealand** milk production was tight to start 2022, declining nearly 6 percent year-over-year through May as dryness negatively impacted important production regions including Waikato and Southland. However, soil moisture has improved considerably



over the past 2 months and the outlook through September² suggests rainfall will continue to be normal to above normal, which should support some recovery in output per cow as the year progresses. Additionally, the farmgate milk price paid by Fonterra continues to be strong, with the price for the remainder of calendar year 2022 and the beginning of 2023 forecast at NZ\$8.78 to NZ\$10.25 per kilogram milk solids. For 2022, New Zealand milk production will be marginally below 2021 at 21.9 million tons. However, despite some supportive factors, milk production has been constrained as cow numbers have been declining. Furthermore, tight labor conditions in New Zealand have resulted in a shortage of workers in the dairy industry, which may have been dampening milk yields and

production. Despite the Government of New Zealand allowing additional migrant workers to enter the country, the industry still believes more should be granted entry to alleviate staff shortages. There is also pressure on production from high input prices – particularly fertilizer and supplemental feed. Margins will therefore be slimmer than high farmgate milk prices might suggest.

² <https://niwa.co.nz/climate/seasonal-climate-outlook>

CHEESE:

Cheese Exports Summary for Major Exporters (1,000 Tons)

	2020	2021	2022 Forecast	2021-2022 Change
Australia	153	157	159	1%
Belarus	275	298	310	4%
EU-27	1,402	1,385	1,400	1%
New Zealand	327	358	340	-5%
United States	355	402	433	8%
Major Exporter Total	2,512	2,600	2,642	2%

Note: Data is rounded.

- **Australia** cheese production is expected at 375,000 tons in 2022, nearly 3 percent below last year due in part to tighter milk supplies. However, processors continue to prioritize cheese over other manufactured commodities, particularly whole milk powder (WMP), leading cheese output to shrink more modestly than overall non-fluid use. This pattern of use has been the long-term trend in Australia and has been further supported this year by a widening spread between cheese and WMP prices. With COVID-related lockdowns ending and international visitors returning to Australia, cheese consumption is expected to strengthen 5 percent over 2021. Relatively large stocks will support higher consumption and exports despite lower production and lackluster import demand. Cheese exports are forecast to grow 1 percent in 2022, reaching 159,000 tons, despite lower production. Through April, lockdowns in China have weighed on cheese demand in Australia's second-largest market, but this has been nearly offset by growth in shipments to Japan and Southeast Asia. Some recovery in China and steady shipments to other markets as the year goes on are expected to push trade just above 2021 levels.
- Despite falling milk deliveries, **European Union** cheese production is expected to rise nearly 1 percent year over year to 10.60 million tons as good export prospects and a firm domestic market cause dairy processors to continue favoring the cheese/whey stream over other dairy commodities. Furthermore, several new cheese plants producing industrial mozzarella for the food processing industry are expected to support production this year. Cheese exports are expected to rise 1 percent in 2022 after Brexit-related disruptions caused shipments to the United Kingdom to contract last year. This growth is expected to cause cheese exports to be near the levels achieved in 2020. While tighter milk supplies may increase the cost of commodity cheese and weigh on competitiveness, specialty cheeses are expected to continue being effectively marketed and should see further export gains. Through April, the largest markets for European Union cheese are the United Kingdom, the United States, and Japan – the same as in 2021. To date, higher shipments to the UK (+10 percent) and United States (+12 percent) have offset weak shipments to Japan (-6 percent).

- **U.S.** cheese exports are expected to climb nearly 8 percent year over year to 433,000 tons on strong shipments to top markets Mexico, South Korea, and Japan. In Mexico, U.S. cheese exports are benefiting from growing demand for specialty cheeses among middle and high-income consumers. Additionally, demand for commodity cheese among lower-income Mexican consumers has been resilient as high prices for meat cause substitution to other animal proteins. In South Korea and Japan, lower cheese production and high prices for Australia and New Zealand product have created opportunities for U.S. cheese exporters.

BUTTER (Includes Butteroil/AMF):

**Butter Exports Summary for Major Exporters
(1,000 Butter Equivalent Tons)**

	2020	2021	2022 Forecast	2021-2022 Change
Belarus	69	78	78	0%
EU-27	316	265	270	2%
New Zealand	471	436	445	2%
United States	27	60	65	8%
Major Exporter Total	883	839	858	2%

Note: Data is rounded.

- Butter production during 2022 in **New Zealand** is expected at 480,000 tons, 2 percent higher than last year. Despite lower milk production, better returns for manufacturing butter and SMP will keep milk flowing to this end use at the expense of WMP. Expanding butter production is forecast to push exports up 2 percent year-over-year to 445,000 tons. The largest markets for New Zealand butter are China, the Philippines, and Australia.
- **European Union** butter production is expected to decline for a second consecutive year on smaller milk deliveries, down 3 percent year over year to 2.07 million tons in 2022. Dairy processors directed milk away from the butter/powder stream and towards cheese/whey last year; this is expected to continue in 2022 as domestic consumption trends lower. Meanwhile, butter exports are expected to rise 2 percent year over year, reaching 270,000 tons, as strong demand in the United States more than offsets lower demand from China, Saudi Arabia, and Morocco.

SKIMMED MILK POWDER (SMP):

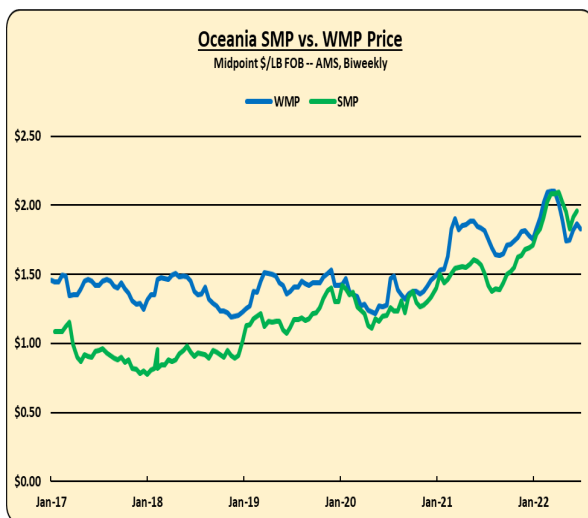
SMP Exports Summary for Major Exporters (1,000 Tons)

	2020	2021	2022 Forecast	2021-2022 Change
Australia	129	156	150	-4%
Belarus	123	120	123	3%
EU-27	831	788	700	-11%
New Zealand	356	326	355	9%
United States	810	881	874	-1%
Major Exporter Total	2,249	2,271	2,202	-3%

Note Data is rounded.

- Despite lower milk production, **Australia** SMP production is forecast 5 percent higher at 154,000 tons. Production has rebounded from low levels in 2021 as strong SMP prices, which have outpaced those of WMP since the beginning of the second quarter, are expected to shift milk from WMP to SMP/butter production. Despite SMP exports that are 11 percent higher to date through April, trade for the year is nevertheless forecast to decline 4 percent from 2021 to 150,000 tons. Low carry-in stocks limit the ability of the Australian dairy sector to take advantage of strong global SMP prices. Furthermore, much of the product traded in early 2022 was produced in the peak production period of the prior year. As lower milk production starts to have an impact, the export volumes at the start of the year will likely prove unsustainable, even with a further drawdown in SMP stocks and additional milk pulled from the WMP stream.
- Reflecting tighter milk supplies and lower butter output, **European Union** SMP production in 2022 is forecast to decline 3 percent from 2021 to 1.49 million tons. Coupled with tighter supplies, exports are also expected to come under pressure as high domestic prices weigh on EU competitiveness in the global marketplace. Volumes are forecast down 11 percent year over year to 700,000 tons. The top markets for EU SMP are China, Algeria, and Indonesia. To date through April, EU SMP exports are more than 20 percent lower than the same period in 2021; however, high oil prices are expected to support demand from importers in the Middle East and allow for some recovery later in the year. Additionally, easing COVID-related lockdowns in China could support some improvement in shipments.

- SMP production in **New Zealand** is forecast at 350,000 tons in 2022, up 6 percent from the previous year despite lower milk production. Strong SMP prices are expected to



cause processors to prioritize SMP instead of WMP, as prices for SMP have exceeded WMP for much of the first half of 2022. Underpinning SMP prices has been strong global demand and tighter expected supplies among the major exporters, which are expected to boost New Zealand SMP exports 9 percent year-over-year in 2022 to 355,000 tons. Despite weakness in shipments to China through May (-35 percent), shipments to other major markets including Indonesia (+81 percent), Thailand (49 percent), and Malaysia (55 percent) have been

more than enough to leave New Zealand exports for the first 5 months of 2022 6 percent higher than a year earlier.

- Despite **U.S.** SMP being competitively priced on the global stage, U.S. exports are forecast to decline 1 percent, to 874,000 tons, from the record levels of last year. Contributing to the lower SMP export forecast is fractionally lower milk production. Processors are expected to prioritize cheese production where new capacity has been added over the last several years.

WHOLE MILK POWDER (WMP):

WMP Exports Summary for Major Exporters (1,000 Tons)

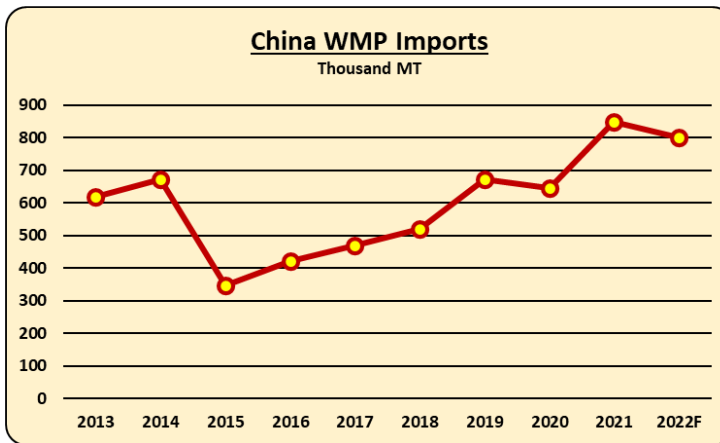
	2020	2021	2022 Forecast	2021-2022 Change
Argentina	148	145	180	24%
Australia	37	51	55	8%
EU-27	345	298	260	-13%
New Zealand	1,533	1,617	1,465	-9%
Major Exporter Total	2,063	2,111	1,960	-7%

Note: Data is rounded.

- New Zealand** WMP production is forecast at 1.53 million tons, more than 4 percent lower than 2021 on tighter milk supplies and pricing that favors directing milk to the SMP/butter or cheese stream. The WMP export forecast is down 9 percent year over year to 1.47 million tons on tighter supplies and lower demand from China. Through

May, WMP exports are down 19 percent as lower shipments to China (-39 percent) more than offset gains to other parts of the world. As COVID-related lockdowns ease and logistics improve, it is expected that China demand will experience some recovery, though it will likely remain below 2021 levels. So far this year, China remains the top market for New Zealand WMP followed by Indonesia, Bangladesh, Thailand, and Algeria.

- **China** WMP production is forecast to rise 4 percent in 2022, reaching 1.05 million tons, as domestic milk supplies continue to grow, and COVID-related lockdowns cause more milk to be sent to the dryer. With lower demand, rising stocks, and high global prices, imports of WMP are expected to decline 6 percent from the record levels of 2021 to 800,000 tons.



U.S. Dairy Products Export Forecast - Calendar Year 2022

	2022 (For)	Milk Equivalent (Bil. Lbs)	
		Fat	Skims
NON-FAT DRY AND SKIM MILK PWDR	873,950 MT	0.4	20.4
MILK POWDER > 1.5% MILK FAT	43,075 MT	0.6	0.7
BUTTER/MILKFAT/SPREADS	60,521 MT	2.8	0.0
CHEESE AND CURD	433,179 MT	6.4	3.4
FLUID PRODUCTS 4/	180,345 Liters	0.5	0.4
DRIED WHEY PRODUCTS	588,698 MT	0.7	13.5
LACTOSE	402,133 MT	0.0	9.8
OTHER DAIRY PRODUCTS	216,190 MT	0.7	2.3
TOTAL - Billion Pounds		12.2	50.5

Note: 1) CY 2022 includes actual exports through May 2022
 2) Milk Equivalent figures are rounded and totals may not add up.
 3) Forecasts assume current policy
 4/ Includes milk based drinks, fluid whey, cream and fluid milk

Exports on a Milk Equivalent Basis Through May 2022

Top Dest. -M.E. Milkfat Basis (Mill. lbs)	2022	Top Dest.-M.E. Skim Basis (Mill. lbs)	2022
MEXICO	1,232 23%	MEXICO	4,470 21%
CANADA	810 15%	CHINA (MAINLAND)	4,129 19%
SOUTH KOREA	646 12%	PHILIPPINES	1,923 9%
JAPAN	371 7%	INDONESIA	1,544 7%
AUSTRALIA	205 4%	VIETNAM	1,101 5%
CHINA (MAINLAND)	203 4%	JAPAN	1,068 5%
Other	1,947 36%	Other	7,250 34%
TOTAL	5,415	TOTAL	21,484

Additional Resources:

For additional information, please contact Paul Kiendl at 202-720-8870 or Paul.Kiendl@usda.gov or Jacob Vuillemin at 202-690-4476 or Jacob.Vuillemin@usda.gov.

Subscription services for FAS circulars can be obtained at:
<https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/USDAFAS/subscriber/new>

Individual FAS country reports covering dairy are available at: <https://gain.fas.usda.gov/#/>

The USDA Production, Supply and Demand database is available at:
<https://apps.fas.usda.gov/psdonline/app/index.html#/app/home>

A monthly “Livestock, Dairy, and Poultry Outlook” for the United States published by the Economic Research Service is available at: <https://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/>

U.S. trade data is available on the Global Agricultural Trade System (GATS):
<https://apps.fas.usda.gov/gats/default.aspx>

The next publication of this circular will be on December 20, 2022.

Circular Notes:

- Fluid milk in liters is converted to kilograms using a 1.03 conversion factor.
- U.S. cheese imports only include cow’s milk cheeses.
- For the United States, SMP includes nonfat dry milk for human and animal use and skimmed milk powder.
- The Butter PS&D’s include butter, anhydrous milk fat (AMF), and butteroil. The AMF and butteroil are converted to a butter-equivalent basis by multiplying by 1.25.

Fluid Milk - Cow Numbers: Summary For Selected Countries
1,000 Head

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Cows In Milk						
India	52,482	54,600	56,450	58,000	59,800	59,800
European Union	21,409	21,029	20,766	20,536	20,300	20,200
Brazil	16,300	16,500	16,400	16,646	16,896	16,896
Mexico	6,550	6,500	6,550	6,600	6,650	6,650
Russia	6,815	6,711	6,615	6,495	6,430	6,430
China	6,200	6,100	6,150	6,200	6,300	6,400
New Zealand	4,993	4,946	4,922	4,904	4,875	4,875
United Kingdom	1,904	1,879	1,867	1,856	1,840	1,840
Argentina	1,640	1,598	1,610	1,615	1,630	1,640
Ukraine	2,078	1,970	1,789	1,722	1,640	1,550
Belarus	1,500	1,498	1,485	1,480	1,475	1,475
Australia	1,525	1,440	1,385	1,365	1,420	1,335
Canada	970	968	972	991	990	988
Japan	731	730	715	726	730	730
Korea, South	205	204	202	204	203	203
Taiwan	62	62	63	66	66	66
Philippines	11	11	11	11	12	12
Subtotal	125,375	126,746	127,952	129,417	131,257	131,090
United States	9,398	9,337	9,392	9,448	9,385	9,400
Total	134,773	136,083	137,344	138,865	140,642	140,490

Cows Milk Production and Consumption: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Cows Milk Production						
European Union	142,258	143,060	145,436	145,034	146,700	142,250
India	89,800	92,000	93,800	96,000	98,000	98,000
China	30,750	32,012	34,400	36,830	35,500	38,500
Russia	30,398	31,154	32,010	32,020	32,150	32,150
Brazil	23,745	24,262	24,965	24,845	25,095	25,095
New Zealand	22,017	21,896	21,980	21,995	22,250	21,875
United Kingdom	15,189	15,429	15,447	15,500	15,600	15,190
Mexico	12,368	12,650	12,750	12,850	12,980	12,980
Argentina	10,837	10,640	11,445	11,900	12,100	12,000
Canada	9,944	9,903	10,035	10,185	10,330	10,090
Australia	9,451	8,832	9,099	9,019	9,100	8,730
Belarus	7,345	7,394	7,765	7,830	7,900	7,910
Ukraine	10,070	9,646	9,258	8,800	8,300	7,800
Japan	7,289	7,314	7,438	7,515	7,570	7,625
Korea, South	2,041	2,035	2,088	2,030	2,040	2,040
Taiwan	385	410	437	437	440	440
Philippines	16	17	17	16	17	17
Subtotal	423,903	428,654	438,370	442,806	446,072	442,692
United States	98,688	99,084	101,292	102,630	103,284	102,490
Total	522,591	527,738	539,662	545,436	549,356	545,182
Fluid Use Dom. Consum.						
India	77,000	79,000	81,000	83,000	85,000	85,000
European Union	23,313	23,373	24,106	23,937	23,950	23,500
China	12,700	13,200	13,000	15,595	14,995	16,925
Brazil	10,762	10,900	11,170	11,120	11,231	11,231
Russia	7,318	7,270	7,080	6,990	6,900	6,900
United Kingdom	6,763	6,404	6,376	6,280	6,250	6,250
Ukraine	4,862	4,967	5,025	4,960	4,593	4,543
Mexico	4,183	4,190	4,145	4,150	4,166	4,166
Japan	3,995	4,000	4,020	4,050	4,065	4,065
Canada	2,832	2,816	2,844	2,835	2,825	2,810
Australia	2,620	2,536	2,528	2,482	2,500	2,450
Argentina	1,771	1,645	1,800	1,640	1,710	1,650
Korea, South	1,566	1,575	1,523	1,540	1,530	1,530
Belarus	1,050	1,055	1,075	1,085	1,080	1,080
New Zealand	515	520	525	530	535	535
Taiwan	420	446	476	471	480	480
Philippines	96	117	119	124	130	130
Subtotal	161,766	164,014	166,812	170,789	171,940	173,245
United States	21,425	21,050	21,027	21,000	20,975	20,975
Total	183,191	185,064	187,839	191,789	192,915	194,220

Cheese Production and Consumption: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Production						
European Union	9,872	10,155	10,362	10,550	10,400	10,600
Russia	970	983	1,059	1,075	1,085	1,085
Brazil	760	770	790	790	795	795
Argentina	444	523	488	530	550	535
Canada	510	515	523	540	550	535
United Kingdom	472	472	488	505	515	485
Mexico	419	437	446	448	452	452
Australia	366	364	379	385	370	375
New Zealand	370	365	350	380	385	375
Belarus	275	300	346	355	370	370
Others	284	285	289	296	308	264
Total Foreign	14,742	15,169	15,520	15,854	15,780	15,871
United States	5,914	5,959	6,005	6,217	6,299	6,288
Total	20,656	21,128	21,525	22,071	22,079	22,159
Total Dom. Consumption						
European Union	8,790	9,019	9,183	9,361	9,180	9,400
Russia	1,200	1,231	1,338	1,363	1,380	1,390
Brazil	785	795	817	817	824	822
United Kingdom	793	790	783	751	825	745
Mexico	526	551	549	568	569	589
Canada	536	539	555	573	594	582
Argentina	380	461	420	457	455	435
Japan	329	346	335	335	345	336
Australia	293	297	305	305	310	321
Korea, South	155	166	188	195	201	193
Others	496	516	550	620	666	548
Total Foreign	14,283	14,711	15,023	15,345	15,349	15,361
United States	5,675	5,751	5,745	5,939	6,080	6,034
Total	19,958	20,462	20,768	21,284	21,429	21,395

Cheese Trade: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Total Exports						
European Union	1,279	1,348	1,402	1,385	1,420	1,400
New Zealand	322	335	327	358	355	340
Belarus	211	244	275	298	310	310
United Kingdom	187	206	190	154	165	170
Australia	172	160	153	157	165	159
Argentina	61	61	70	78	85	85
Russia	24	26	30	35	45	40
Others	39	30	35	35	38	32
Total Foreign	2,295	2,410	2,482	2,500	2,583	2,536
United States	348	357	355	402	413	433
Total	2,643	2,767	2,837	2,902	2,996	2,969
Total Imports						
United Kingdom	508	524	485	400	475	430
Russia	250	273	311	326	340	345
Japan	286	303	292	288	295	285
European Union	197	212	223	196	200	200
China	108	115	129	176	200	160
Korea, South	124	131	148	157	160	150
Mexico	123	121	114	132	130	150
Others	264	277	309	339	359	302
Total Foreign	1,860	1,956	2,011	2,014	2,159	2,022
United States	138	139	128	145	190	155
Total	1,998	2,095	2,139	2,159	2,349	2,177

Butter Production and Consumption: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Production						
India	5,600	5,850	6,100	6,300	6,500	6,500
European Union	2,069	2,125	2,173	2,141	2,145	2,070
New Zealand	550	525	500	470	485	480
Russia	256	268	282	270	280	280
Mexico	228	231	233	235	236	236
United Kingdom	140	194	194	205	210	195
Belarus	115	116	120	121	125	123
Canada	116	112	118	122	125	120
China	108	110	108	109	109	109
Brazil	85	85	82	82	83	83
Others	292	254	270	254	267	233
Total Foreign	9,559	9,870	10,180	10,309	10,565	10,429
United States	893	905	973	940	990	974
Total	10,452	10,775	11,153	11,249	11,555	11,403
Domestic Consumption						
India	5,577	5,803	6,081	6,275	6,470	6,456
European Union	1,898	1,901	1,909	1,927	1,935	1,845
Russia	346	384	402	393	394	394
Mexico	250	277	266	256	258	259
China	226	198	230	246	277	240
United Kingdom	153	195	203	205	215	205
Canada	124	141	141	147	149	150
Australia	117	104	106	95	105	91
Brazil	91	89	85	88	90	86
Japan	78	83	79	81	81	80
Others	186	201	200	178	197	181
Total Foreign	9,046	9,376	9,702	9,891	10,171	9,987
United States	898	940	978	975	1,011	1,003
Total	9,944	10,316	10,680	10,866	11,182	10,990

Note: Butter includes butter, butteroil and anhydrous milk fat on a butter equivalent basis.

Butter Trade: Summary For Selected Countries
1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Total Imports						
China	120	91	123	139	170	133
Russia	88	117	128	122	120	120
United Kingdom	78	74	74	55	60	60
European Union	76	78	52	51	45	45
Canada	22	25	24	30	30	35
Australia	42	40	43	37	45	33
Mexico	33	59	42	23	24	24
Taiwan	23	24	22	22	23	23
Japan	16	25	18	12	11	10
Ukraine	1	4	10	10	5	5
Others	8	6	5	8	8	6
Total Foreign	507	543	541	509	541	494
United States	59	66	70	61	73	69
Total	566	609	611	570	614	563
Total Exports						
New Zealand	501	509	471	436	455	445
European Union	247	302	316	265	255	270
Belarus	78	67	69	78	75	78
United Kingdom	65	73	65	55	55	50
India	33	47	20	25	30	44
Argentina	11	15	21	31	35	25
Australia	17	18	16	22	20	19
Ukraine	29	16	9	9	8	5
Russia	3	2	3	3	3	3
China	2	3	1	2	2	2
Others	13	16	14	4	3	3
Total Foreign	999	1,068	1,005	930	941	944
United States	49	26	27	60	54	65
Total	1,048	1,094	1,032	990	995	1,009

Nonfat Dry Milk Production and Consumption: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Production						
European Union	1,568	1,556	1,590	1,526	1,560	1,485
India	600	635	660	680	700	700
New Zealand	410	375	362	330	355	350
Brazil	155	158	161	164	165	165
Australia	201	150	155	147	150	154
Japan	120	125	140	150	150	150
Belarus	122	126	126	122	127	125
Others	418	421	432	431	452	438
Total Foreign	3,594	3,546	3,626	3,550	3,659	3,567
United States	1,067	1,107	1,209	1,238	1,235	1,215
Total	4,661	4,653	4,835	4,788	4,894	4,782
Total Dom. Consumption						
European Union	992	834	795	770	755	810
India	572	601	636	653	682	662
Mexico	347	340	353	382	385	385
China	299	358	355	446	498	373
Philippines	159	177	204	185	180	214
Indonesia	161	187	196	197	204	209
Brazil	184	183	187	188	191	183
Others	779	730	715	748	762	740
Total Foreign	3,493	3,410	3,441	3,569	3,657	3,576
United States	369	422	384	375	315	321
Total	3,862	3,832	3,825	3,944	3,972	3,897

Nonfat Dry Milk Trade: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Total Imports						
China	280	344	336	426	475	350
Mexico	360	361	309	338	340	340
Philippines	159	177	179	168	175	220
Indonesia	162	188	197	199	205	210
Algeria	167	120	144	138	145	140
Russia	95	88	60	59	55	55
European Union	46	56	36	32	20	25
Taiwan	23	23	24	25	24	23
Japan	52	47	39	22	18	20
Brazil	29	25	26	24	26	18
Others	88	87	83	70	83	59
Total Foreign	1,461	1,516	1,433	1,501	1,566	1,460
United States	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	1,462	1,517	1,434	1,502	1,567	1,461
Total Exports						
European Union	826	946	831	788	825	700
New Zealand	358	373	356	326	355	355
Australia	155	128	129	156	120	150
Belarus	121	124	123	120	125	123
India	43	8	5	45	32	52
United Kingdom	60	82	72	52	65	40
Canada	66	47	40	18	16	25
Argentina	23	22	28	21	30	22
Ukraine	23	20	16	13	12	15
Philippines	0	0	0	1	0	2
Others	60	68	6	9	6	6
Total Foreign	1,735	1,818	1,606	1,549	1,586	1,490
United States	712	701	810	881	917	874
Total	2,447	2,519	2,416	2,430	2,503	2,364

Whole Milk Powder Production And Consumption: Summary For Selected Countries

1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Production						
New Zealand	1,450	1,490	1,570	1,600	1,600	1,530
China	965	1,052	992	1,010	970	1,050
European Union	684	697	736	663	590	620
Brazil	585	596	590	594	595	595
Argentina	192	188	213	234	240	245
Mexico	119	120	122	123	124	124
Indonesia	81	82	85	96	100	100
Chile	62	70	73	65	72	72
Belarus	50	45	49	57	60	57
Russia	56	65	55	52	55	55
Others	98	77	58	67	61	50
Total Foreign	4,342	4,482	4,543	4,561	4,467	4,498
United States	65	64	63	67	63	63
Total	4,407	4,546	4,606	4,628	4,530	4,561
Total Dom. Consumption						
China	1,534	1,722	1,585	1,807	1,919	1,827
Brazil	652	657	678	640	648	621
European Union	381	424	418	376	315	370
Algeria	245	250	256	240	215	233
Indonesia	142	135	134	153	167	170
Mexico	103	106	105	116	113	111
Russia	100	110	94	80	78	78
Argentina	75	84	80	73	90	70
Chile	66	71	75	75	79	67
Taiwan	34	32	36	36	35	41
Others	138	146	118	106	115	108
Total Foreign	3,470	3,737	3,579	3,702	3,774	3,696
United States	31	36	34	34	28	34
Total	3,501	3,773	3,613	3,736	3,802	3,730

Whole Milk Powder Trade: Summary For Selected Countries
1,000 Metric Tons

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 Dec	2022 Jul
Total Imports						
China	521	671	644	849	880	800
Algeria	271	233	251	221	205	225
Indonesia	59	54	51	63	67	80
Taiwan	34	32	36	36	35	41
Australia	28	37	43	37	40	40
Brazil	68	61	89	52	60	32
Russia	27	46	31	28	25	25
Philippines	23	32	29	19	25	18
European Union	43	42	27	11	5	10
Mexico	7	3	3	7	8	6
Others	21	19	11	9	12	7
Total Foreign	1,102	1,230	1,215	1,332	1,362	1,284
United States	7	9	13	9	11	11
Total	1,109	1,239	1,228	1,341	1,373	1,295
Total Exports						
New Zealand	1,369	1,536	1,533	1,617	1,600	1,465
European Union	346	315	345	298	280	260
Argentina	135	97	148	145	145	180
Australia	55	42	37	51	50	55
Belarus	33	23	27	37	39	36
Mexico	23	17	20	14	19	19
Chile	4	4	2	2	2	10
Brazil	1	0	1	6	7	6
China	2	1	1	2	1	3
Russia	0	0	1	1	2	2
Others	4	10	6	5	4	2
Total Foreign	1,972	2,045	2,121	2,178	2,149	2,038
United States	48	39	39	39	46	43
Total	2,020	2,084	2,160	2,217	2,195	2,081